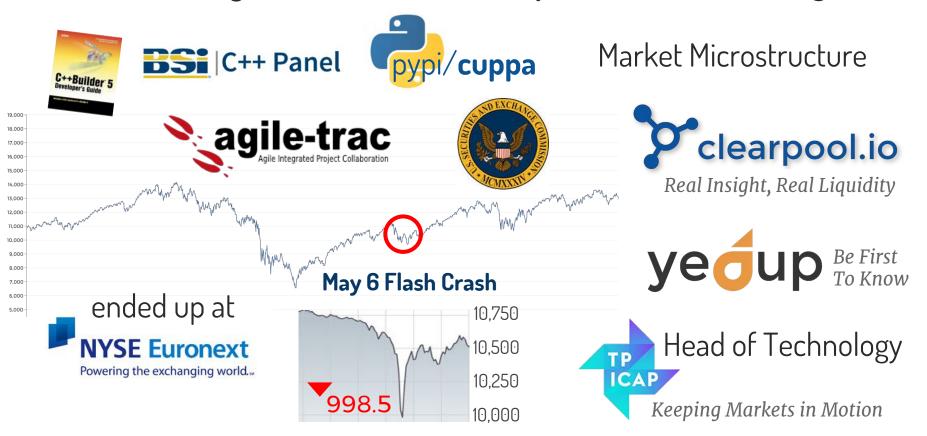


#### DSP background with a PhD in adaptive framework design



#### Making Sense of Social Media ...

#### It's a New Language

Abbreviations, acronyms, emojis, emphatic spelling. Algorithms are required to learn the meaning of non-standard strings and new words as they appear.

# Constantly Growing

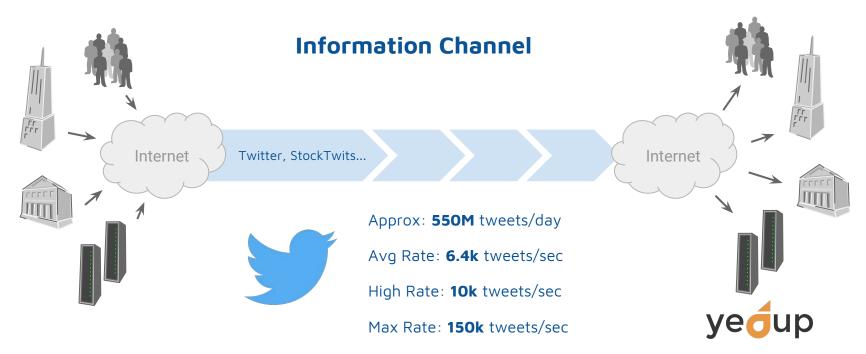
Around 1500 new words and phrases appear in the global conversation each day. Over time this adds up. Words also have different meanings in different contexts, topic domains, and countries.

# Forever Changing

Algorithms which adapt to keep pace with the way the world expresses itself are needed. These should be **context**aware and be suitable for all domain specific applications.

### ... is not easy!

#### Well, what is it really?



... and we want to trade on this

#### What we Aim For



#### **Real-Time**

Process more than 100k social media posts per second, with industry leading low latency.
Always deliver results in real time.



#### **Adaptive**

Use artificial intelligence to evolve continually to reflect the fluid nature of social media expression and keep pace with the latest lingo.



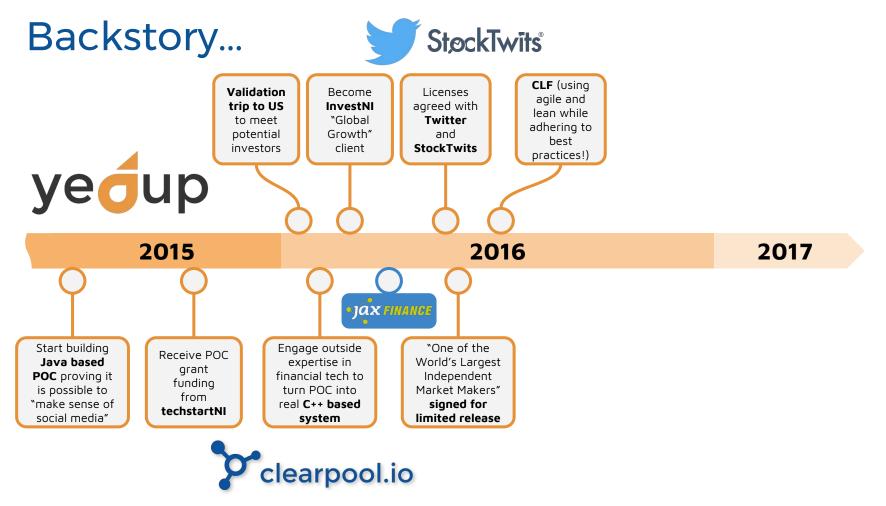
#### Language Agnostic

Work with all major languages and script systems. Be able to cover social media channels in Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia and the Americas.

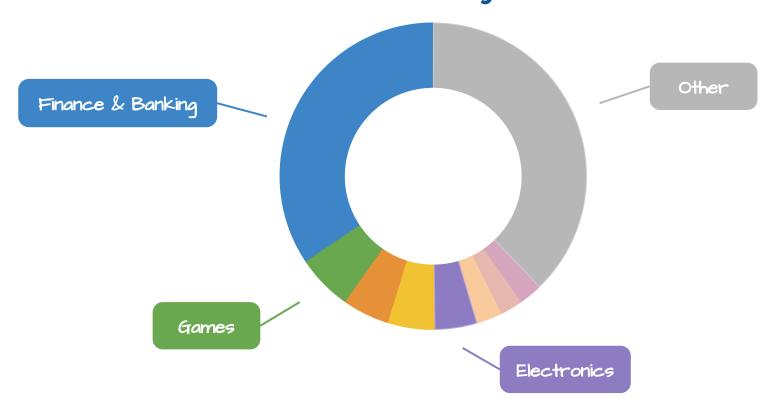


#### **Domain Aware**

Machine learning can also capture the domain-specific meanings of certain words and phrases, so the true meaning of what is said is understood in its proper context.



# Context — Why C++?



#### Using a channel



I know what I want to hear about so I'll listen for that



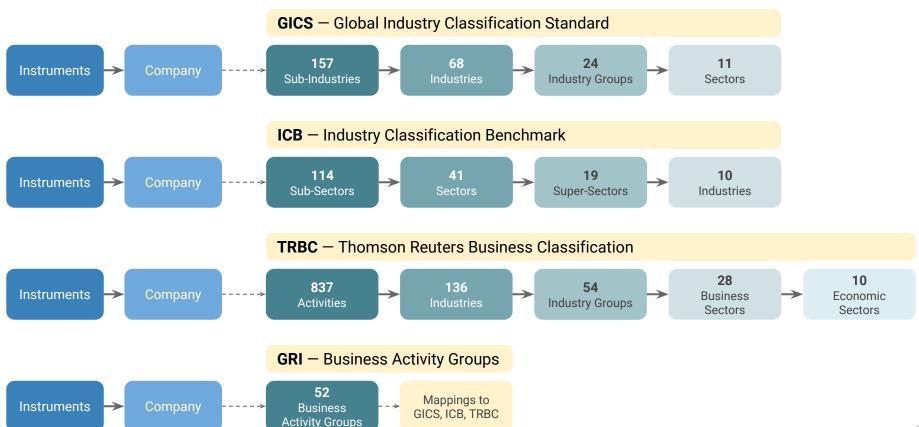
I don't know exactly what I want to hear about but I'll know it when I see it



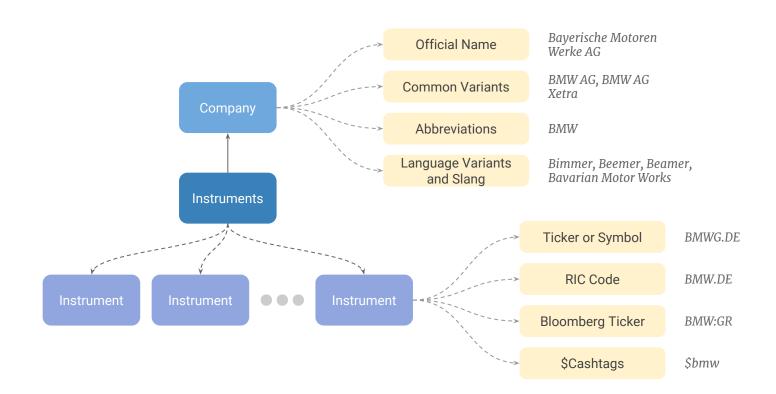
# Say What?

- What was said?
- What was it about?
- What was the opinion expressed?
- Who said what was said?
- Who cared about what was said?
- P Has anyone said this before?

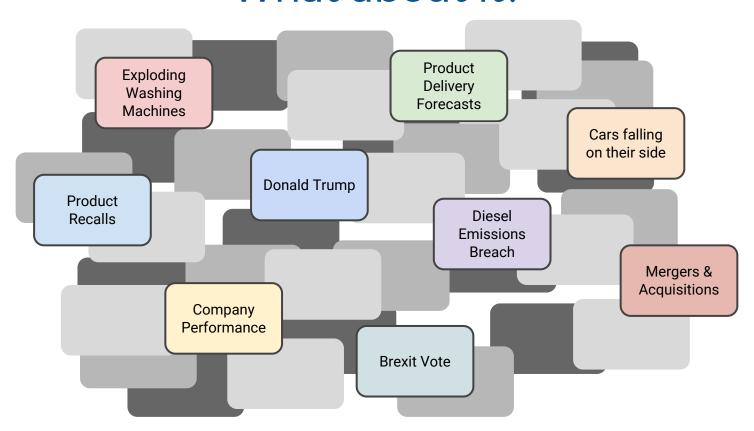
#### We Trade Financial Instruments



## Which Instrument or Company?



#### What about it?



#### Conceptual Pipeline Filter API Rules {} json Semantic Machine Feature Receiver Categoriser Publisher Classifiers Classifiers Analysers **{}** json API **Topics** Lexicons Models yedup

#### Algorithmic Architecture









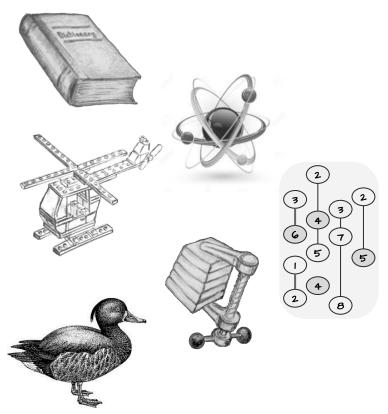
# Algorithmic Architecture Crash Course

#### This is an Architecture that

- is based on well defined building blocks
- has a clear mapping to code
- favours algorithmic optimisation over task optimisation
- allows an optimal solution
- is adaptive to a changing environment

#### We Achieve This By

- Exposing a Vocabulary
  that can map to code and is
- ➤ Decomposable
- ➤ Composable
- ➤ Independently Orderable
- ➤ Compactible
- ➤ Substitutable

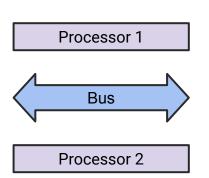


# Define building block vocabulary elements

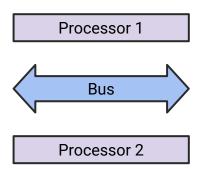
```
template < class DataT>
void process( const DataT& Data );

template < class DataT>
void push( const DataT& Data );

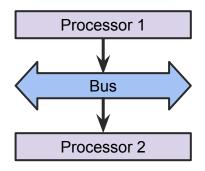
template < class ProcessorT>
void connect( ProcessorT Processor );
```



- Define building block vocabulary elements
- Avoid shared state

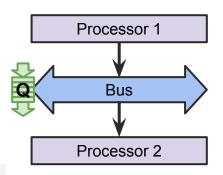


- Define building block vocabulary elements
- Avoid shared state
- Favour message passing



- Define building block vocabulary elements
- Avoid shared state
- Favour message passing
- Make synchronisation points explicit in the architecture

Synchronisation points are not composable. If you hide them you run the risk of concurrency hazards such as livelocks, starvation, deadlocks, and convoying

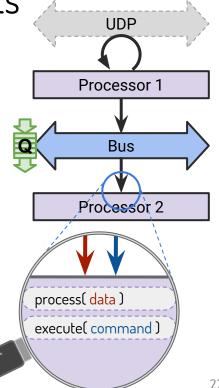


- Define building block vocabulary elements
- Avoid shared state
- Favour message passing
- Make synchronisation points explicit in the architecture
- Support push and pull models

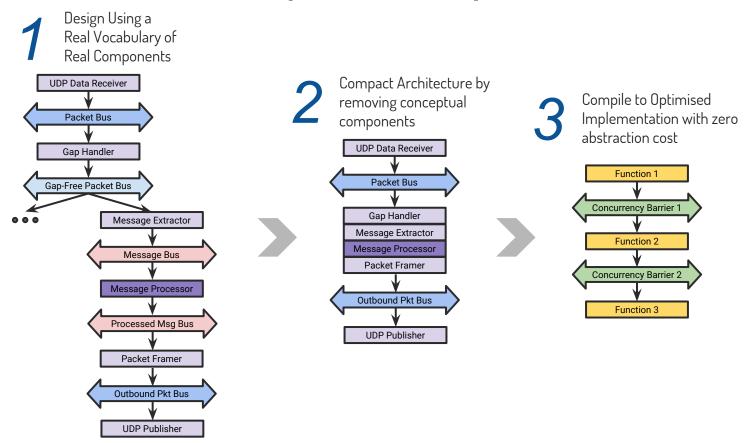
```
Processor 2
```

```
enum class read_policy{ on_data, poll };
template<class ProcessorT>
void connect( ProcessorT Processor, read_policy Read );
```

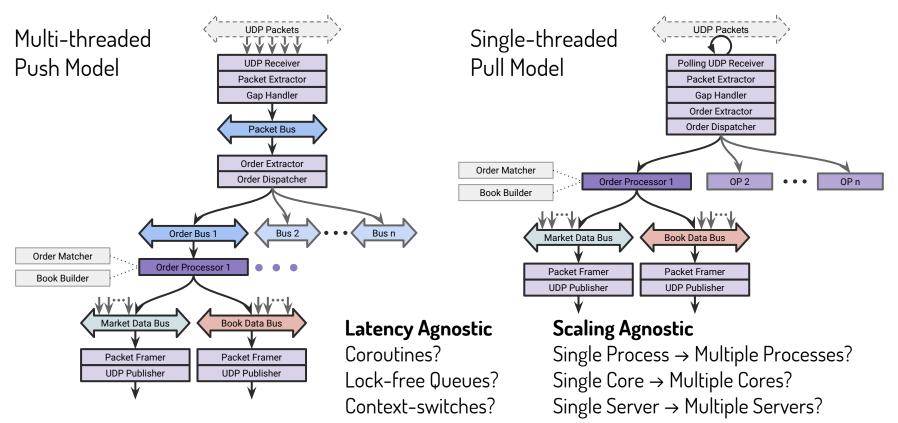
- Define building block vocabulary elements
- Avoid shared state
- Favour message passing
- Make synchronisation points explicit in the architecture
- Support push and pull models
- Separate Data and Command paths
- Static Polymorphism for adaptability

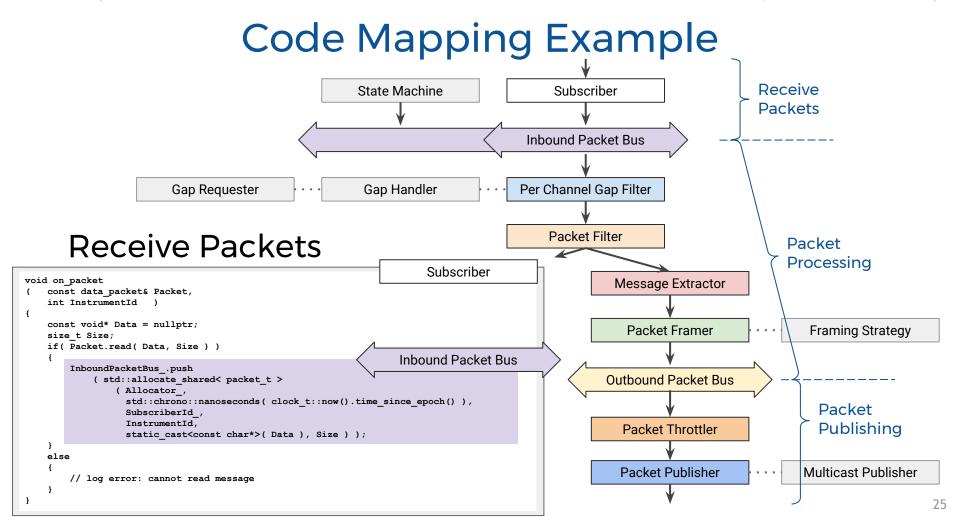


## Simple Example



#### Different Performance Trade-offs





```
Inbound Packet Bus
void process( const shared inbound packet& InboundPacket )
                                                                                                                        Per Channel Gap Filter
    if( InboundPacket->seq num() == ExpectedSeqNum )
        ExpectedSeqNum = InboundPacket->seq num() + InboundPacket->header().num msgs();
        GapHandler .update expected seq num( ExpectedSeqNum, ChannelId );
                                                                                                                              Packet Filter
        if(
                InboundPacket->header().num msgs()
            && InboundPacket->header().delivery flag() == format::delivery flag::original message )
                                                                                                                          Message Extractor
            while( shared message t Message = InboundPacket->pop front() )
                                                                                                                            Packet Framer
                if (FramingStrategy ->incoming message triggers send (OutboundPacket ->size(), Message->size()))
                    SeqNum += NumMsgsInPrevPacket ;
                   LastFrameTime = clock t::now().time since epoch();
                   OutboundPacket ->assign seq num( SeqNum );
                                                                                                                         Outbound Packet Bus
                    OutboundPacketBus ->push ( OutboundPacket );
                    NumMsqsInPrevPacket = OutboundPacket ->header().num msqs();
                   OutboundPacket = std::make shared<outbound packet t>( format::delivery flag::original message );
                OutboundPacket ->push back( Message );
                if (FramingStrategy ->packet requires immediate send (OutboundPacket ->size(), Message->last message in packet() ) )
                    SeqNum += NumMsgsInPrevPacket ;
                    LastFrameTime = clock t::now().time since epoch();
                    OutboundPacket ->assign seq num( SeqNum );
                                                                                                                         Outbound Packet Bus
                    OutboundPacketBus ->push ( OutboundPacket );
                   NumMsgsInPrevPacket = OutboundPacket ->header().num msgs();
                    OutboundPacket = std::make shared<outbound packet t>( format::delivery flag::original message );
        else
            // send command::category::notification - packet discarded
    else if( InboundPacket->seq_num() > ExpectedSeqNum )
        ExpectedSeqNum = GapHandler .handle unexpected packet( InboundPacket, ExpectedSeqNum, ChannelId );
    else if ( InboundPacket->seq num() < ExpectedSeqNum )
        // log and ignore
```

## Lastly...

#### **Publish Packets**

```
void process( const shared_outbound_packet& OutboundPacket )
{
    delay_before_send( OutboundPacket->size() );
    OutboundPacket->assign_send_time( std::chrono::nanoseconds( clock_t::now().time_since_epoch() ) );
    MulticastPublisher_->process( OutboundPacket );
}

Packet Throttler
Packet Publisher
```

#### Vocabulary elements map directly to code

- Code still lives in separate 'modules'
- Maintained and tested separately
- Communication through building block interfaces
- Abstraction cost removed but clarity retained
- Easy to change, fix, replace

